

Bullying Prevention and Intervention Plan

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1. PURPOSE

The Waterloo Region District School Board recognizes the importance of ensuring a safe, caring and inclusive school environment and that the most effective means to address bullying is through a comprehensive school-wide approach that engages all stakeholders in these efforts.

The purpose of the *Bullying Prevention and Intervention Plan* is to develop, in consultation with students, principals, teachers and other staff, parents/guardians/caregivers, volunteers, school councils and the public, a long-term school-wide approach regarding bullying prevention and intervention to be implemented by all schools of the Board. The plan will be reviewed at least every two years while seeking input from stakeholders.

The Board further recognizes that a key factor in the development of a successful bullying prevention and intervention plan is the consistent use of research-approved best practices. The Board shall also strive to consider local needs (geographical, cultural, and demographics), and the availability of supports when development and reviewing this plan.

This Bullying Prevention and Intervention Plan is based upon the Ministry of Education's most recent Model Bullying Prevention and Intervention Plan and the requirements set out in this Plan have been taken direction from the Model Plan.

As required by the Ministry of Education when revising its plan, the Board will: review school climate surveys to identify concerns; identify best –practices of evidence-informed programs currently used at the Board; consider what other evidence-based practices may help address concerns; and identify key collaborators with the Board in respect of its bullying initiatives, and others who could be included as possible collaborators.

As required under subsection 303.3(3) of the *Education Act*, each school is required to implement the Board's Bullying Prevention and Intervention Plan, and to comply with the Board's policies and procedures regarding Bullying Prevention and Intervention.

Through information gathered in the Board's K-12 Improvement Planning Process, the Board will identify the most appropriate strategies to include in the bullying prevention and intervention plan.

2. EDUCATION, AWARENESS AND OUTREACH

The Board and each school will endeavor to increase education, awareness and outreach, which will help to engage all members of the school community to support school and Board efforts to deal with inappropriate student behaviour, including bullying.

Communications with the school community will include the following Ministry of Education definition of bullying as defined in section 1 of the *Education Act*:

Bullying means aggressive and typically repeated behaviour by a pupil where,

- (a) the behaviour is intended by the pupil to have the effect of, or the pupil ought to know that the behaviour would be likely to have the effect of,
 - i) causing harm, fear or distress to another individual, including physical, psychological, social or academic harm, harm to the individual's reputation or harm to the individual's property, or
 - (ii) creating a negative environment at a school for another individual, and
- (b) the behaviour occurs in a context where there is a real or perceived power imbalance between the pupil and the individual based on factors such as size, strength, age, intelligence, peer group power, economic status, social status, religion, ethnic origin, sexual orientation, family circumstances, gender, gender identity, gender expression, race, disability or the receipt of special education; ("intimidation")
 - For the purposes of the definition of "bullying" behaviour includes the use of any physical, verbal, electronic, written or other means.

Cyber-bullying

For the purposes of the definition, "bullying" includes bullying by electronic means (commonly known as cyber-bullying), including,

- i) creating a web page or a blog in which the creator assumes the identity of another person:
- ii) impersonating another person as the author of content or messages posted on the internet; and
- iii) communicating material electronically to more than one individual or posting material on a website that may be accessed by one or more individuals.

The Board and schools should strive to:

- Identify different types of bullying, including cyber-bullying.
- Understand the myths and realities of bullying behaviour.
- Identify bullying and differentiate bullying from rough play and conflict.
- Understand power and peer dynamics.
- Identify how biases, prejudice and hate can lead to bullying.
- Identify different manifestations and underlying factors of bullying, such as body image, racism, sexism, homophobia, disability, etc.

In addition, each school should take the following steps:

• Understand a whole school approach and the essential importance of a positive school climate for student achievement and well-being.

- Develop awareness and understanding of the factors that contribute to a safe, caring and inclusive school climate.
- Identify ways to make students aware of how they can help prevent and address bullying.
- Identify strategies to engage parents in conversations about bullying and prevention and how to promote a positive school climate.
- Reach out to parents and the broader school community. Consider the following:
 - Reflect on relationships and interactions, and focus on promoting healthy relationships using a variety of strategies.
 - o Become knowledgeable about community partners and resources in the school and in the broader community.
- Communicate and share with the school community, policies and procedures including school board/school Code of Conduct Policy 6001, Equity and Inclusive Policy 1008, Student Discipline Policy 6008 and procedures for Faith & Religious Accommodation (AP1012), Student Discipline (AP1260), and Bullying Prevention & Intervention (AP1200).

3. EVALUATION OF EVIDENCE

Pre-evaluation Strategy

Each school will base its bullying interventions, strategies, practices and programs on evidence. Each school will take the following steps to assess their anti-bullying initiatives and strategies:

- Identify the main issues of concern in a particular school raised by students, school staff, parents, as well as identify issues in the physical environment.
- Conduct a needs assessment, e.g., what are the current processes for response, reporting, support and follow-up on issues.
- Develop a pre and post-evaluation strategy. These should be informed by the results of the annual school climate surveys, and other relevant information which may include suspension and expulsion data, the board violent incident report, and reviews of programs and strategies. Steps in an evaluation strategy would include:
 - Creating a baseline and identifying areas of concern;
 - Measuring success;
 - o Making changes where necessary; and
 - Creating an action plan to address areas of concern.
- Identify children and youth involved in bullying (including the bully, the person being bullied, and those who may have witnessed or been affected by the bullying).
- Identify learning and training opportunities that are needed.
- Review and update plan as a result of gathering new information and share with the school community.

Post-evaluation Strategy

The school will reassess the results of the subsequent climate surveys to verify the fficacy of the anti-bullying initiatives implemented. The post-evaluation phase gathers evidence to test the efficacy of the prevention, responses, interventions or supports provided in order for changes to be made where necessary.

4. POLICY AND PROCEDURES

Each school will:

- Actively communicate policies, procedures and guidelines to staff, students, parents/guardians/caregivers and broader members of the school community.
- Review policies, procedures and guidelines and include the school community in this process in order to build upon and sustain a positive school climate.
- Review guidelines and procedures or develop new ones to address discrimination and harassment as they may apply to students, staff, parents and community members.
- Outline roles/responsibilities of the school community, including students, staff, parents and community members.
- Ensure goals address areas of challenge, as identified in school climate surveys and other relevant data.

5. PREVENTION

Fostering a positive learning environment will help to reduce possible bullying, harassment, and discrimination incidents. Schools will take the following steps set, in order to strengthen prevention measures:

- Describe the roles and responsibilities of the S.C.I.S. teams, as set in the Terms of Reference attached to this plan as Appendix "A".
- Identify bullying prevention and intervention programs or activities that are evidenceinformed and that address the needs identified by the Board or a school. These should be addressed at the following levels:
 - o Individual student level
 - o Classroom level
 - School level
 - o Board level
 - Parent/community level.
- Identify relationship-building and community-building programs that are present in the school, classroom and in the larger community.
- Identify and support:
 - Activities that promote a positive school climate.
 - Training strategies for school staff.
 - Awareness raising strategies for students, e.g., social emotional learning, empathy, development self-regulation skills.
 - Awareness raising strategies to engage community partners and parents in early and ongoing dialogue.
 - Ways to make linkages to curriculum resources and day-to-day learning.
- Provide opportunities for regular check-ins with students-at-risk of engaging in bullying, and those who have witnessed or been affected by bullying.
- Provide opportunities for teachers to develop effective classroom management strategies incorporating progressive discipline.
- Establish and maintain respectful and caring classrooms, e.g., model equitable and inclusive behaviour and language.

 Align supervision plans to address where and when bullying happens, as identified through climate surveys.

6. INTERVENTION AND SUPPORT STRATEGIES

Interventions and supports should be evidence-informed, timely and take a whole school approach.

When implementing interventions and supports, schools should endeavor to:

- O Use "teachable moments" within a progressive discipline approach to address inappropriate behaviour. Consider mitigating factors like the student's age, the circumstances of the behaviour, and the student's history before determining the most appropriate way to respond to each situation. Consider a range of options to address the behaviour and help the student learn from his or her choices.
- Have in place processes and strategies to identify, and respond to bullying when it happens.
- o Follow up after bullying incident(s) with students, parents, teachers and other school staff, where appropriate.
- Identify strategies for supporting students who engage in bullying, who have been bullied, and others who may have witnessed or been affected by bullying while respecting privacy. These strategies could include school-based resources and/or referrals to community agencies, e.g., mental health services or public health.
- Communicate to the school community the progressive discipline approach to address inappropriate behaviour and the procedures that are in place to support students who have been harmed or who have engaged in serious behaviour incidents. See Board Policies:
 - o Safe Schools Policy 6000
 - o Code of Conduct 6001
 - Student Discipline 6008
 - o Bullying Prevention and Intervention 6009